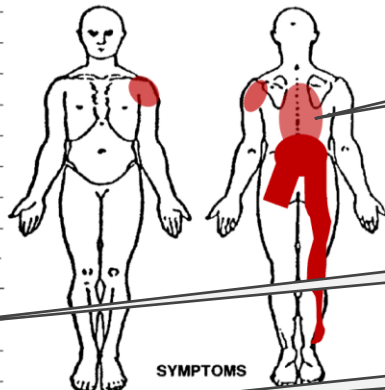




THE MCKENZIE INSTITUTE
LUMBAR SPINE ASSESSMENT

Date _____
Name Lisa Gender Identity f
Date of Birth _____ Age 43
Referral: GP / Ortho / Self / Other _____
Work demands Product manager
sitting, travels a lot
Leisure activities Pilates, Body Art, Zumba
Functional limitation for present episode _____
No Body Art and Zumba, Pilates rarely
Outcome / Screening score PROMIS-29: Anxiety, Fatigue,
Sleep, soc. rolls
NPRS (0-10) 6 – 8 / 10
Present symptoms See body chart - mainly LBP and buttock
Present since 3 years improving / unchanging / worsening
Commenced as a result of Lifted niece no apparent reason
Symptoms at onset back / thigh / leg The rest started one year later
Constant symptoms: back / thigh / leg 2 NPRS Intermittent symptoms: back / thigh / leg
Worse avoids bending sitting / rising standing walking lying
am / as the day progresses / pm
Better bending sitting standing walking lying
am / as the day progresses / pm when still / on the move
other Hot packs
3 -4 x / night
Disturbed sleep yes / no Sleeping postures prone / sup / side R / L Surface: medium
Previous spinal history Recurrent back pain during and after long journeys. It has become
significantly worse since lifting 3 years ago
Previous treatments Physiotherapy – lots of heat / Electro; muscle relaxants; 1 year ago
Injection, Chiro, Massage, McKenzie – all made it worse
SPECIFIC QUESTIONS
Cough / sneeze / strain _____ Bladder / Bowel: normal / abnormal Gait: normal / abnormal
Medications: Tramadol 2 x tgl 200 mg, NSAID as needed, mild antidepressant
General Health / Comorbidities: Pre-Diabetes (careful with nutrition) , chronic fatigue
Recent / relevant surgery yes / no Appendix 3 years ago
History of cancer: yes / no Unexplained weight loss: yes / no
History of trauma: yes / no Imaging yes / no MRI: Disc thinning
Patient goals / expectations: Some relief, avoid surgery



Large pain area indicates
nociplastic pain

Heightened concerns in psychosocial areas

Long duration

Constant pain, in the absence of inflammation, as an
indication of nociplastic pain.

Pain exacerbated by a wide variety of stressors. No
clearly alleviating factors.

A long history of ineffective or exacerbating
interventions.

Comorbidities are common in chronic pain conditions.

Low expectations of therapy

EXAMINATION

POSTURAL OBSERVATION

Sitting: lordotic / **neutral** / kyphotic
Standing: lordotic / **neutral** / kyphotic
Other observations / functional baselines: **Bending, turning trunk in sitting**

NEUROLOGICAL

Motor deficit **OK** Reflexes **NT**
Sensory deficit **entire leg feels numb** Neurodynamic tests **OK**

MOVEMENT LOSS	Maj	Mod	Min	Nil	Symptoms
Flexion		X			LBP – unwilling to do
Extension			X		LBP – unwilling to do
Side gliding R			X		No pain, feels stiff
Side gliding L			X		No pain, feels stiff
Other					

TEST MOVEMENTS Describe effect on present pain – During: produces, abolishes, increases, decreases, no effect, centralising, peripheralising. After: better, worse, no better, no worse, no effect, centralised, peripheralised.

	Symptomatic response		Mechanical response	
	During testing	After testing	Effect - Change in ROM or key functional test	No effect
Pretest symptoms standing	Low back 3 / 10			
FIS	↑			
Rep FIS	↑	W		X
EIS	↑			
Rep EIS	↑	NW		X
Pretest symptoms lying	Low back 4 / 10			
FIL	↓			
Rep FIL	↑	NW	more ROM	
EIL	NE			
Rep EIL	↑	W		X
Pretest symptoms	low back 5 / 10			
SGIS - R	P tension			
Rep SGIS - R	P tension	NW		X
SGIS - L	P tension			
Rep SGIS - L	P tension	NW		X
Other movements				

STATIC TESTS
Kyphotic sitting / lordotic sitting / long sitting / lying prone in extension

OTHER TESTS

PROVISIONAL CLASSIFICATION

☐ Serious Pathology: ☐ Medical Condition:

☐ Derangement

Directional Preference:

☐ Articular Dysfunction / ANR

☐ Atypical Mechanical Condition

☐ Postural Syndrome

☐ Radicular Syndrome without DP

☐ Central or symmetrical

☐ Chronic Pain Syndrome

☐ Spinal Stenosis

☐ Unilateral or asymmetrical above knee

☐ Inflammatory Arthropathy / Arthritis

☐ Structurally Compromised

☐ Unilateral or asymmetrical below knee

☐ Post Surgery

☐ Trauma / Recovering Trauma

Classification subgroup / description

POTENTIAL DRIVERS OF PAIN AND / OR DISABILITY **Comorbidities** **Cognitive - Emotional** **Contextual**
Descriptions: **Diabetes, Fatigue, Fear-Avoidance, demanding job**

PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT

Education
Exercise type Frequency
Other exercises / interventions
Management Goals
Signature

Hypersensitivity as an Indicator of nociplastic symptoms

Avoidance behavior

No initial loading strategies resulting in improvement. Rather a short-term aggravation or worsening.

Drivers of Pain and Disability

Notes